

Thematic Review of Neonatal Mortality 2015 – Jan 2016

8th Feb 2016

Attendees:

S Brearey	Neonatal lead
Doctor V	Consultant
N Subhedar	LWH consultant
E Powell	NNU manager
A Murphy	Lead nurse Children's services
L Eagles	NNU nurse
D Peacock	Quality improvement facilitator

Apologies:

C Green Pharmacy

Purpose of Meeting:

There was a higher than expected mortality rate on NNU in 2015. All these cases have been reviewed at NNIRG, perinatal mortality review or neonatal review meetings and action plans have been made (See **Appendix 1**). An obstetric thematic review did not identify any common themes or identifiers that might be responsible for the rise in mortality in 2015. The aim of the neonatal meeting was to review the cases again as a multidisciplinary team with an external reviewer and tertiary level neonatologist to assess:

- Were all action points completed
- Any new areas of care improvement
- Any possible common themes

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- Discuss if further action is required

Patient electronic record, written notes, radiology images and Meditech entries in addition to previous reviews were available. It was noted by NS that there was a clear and strong governance culture in CoCH which was evident at the meeting and that the number of PMs undertaken was impressive and indicated a willingness to learn and improve.

Summary of mortality cases discussed

Case:	Date of death:	Diagnosis and summary of discussion:	Actions:	Date complete:
Irrelevant & Sensitive	5 th Apr 2015	Severe HIE. Baby transferred to Arrowe Park for continued cooling but died there on day PD . Obstetric review identified some areas of care improvement. PMM agreed neonatal care before transfer was appropriate and timely. 2015 audit of HIE identified excellent neonatal care in the 4 cases of HIE and good outcomes in 3 cases. CoCH actively cool babies prior to transfer.	Nil	
PD				
Child A	8 th Jun 2015	Coroner's PM: Unascertained Irrelevant & Sensitive Twin born at 31 weeks gestation initially in good condition. UVC inserted and lying in left lobe of liver. Peripheral long line inserted with a view to remove UVC once long line in situ. Long line reported later as projected over the junction of the innominate vein and SVC which is satisfactory position. Registrar that evening felt it required withdrawing a little. Sudden unexpected arrest aged PD . Twin also arrested PD later. Delay in staff debrief. No PM evidence of line or UVC related complication. Crossed pulmonary arteries on PM. Agreement today that line related complication very unlikely to have	Inquest 23 rd March 16	

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		caused arrest.		
Child C	14 th Jun 2015	PM: 1a. Widespread hypoxic ischaemic damage to heart 1b. Immaturity of lung 1c. Severe maternal vascular under perfusion 30 week gestation severe IUGR, AEDF and oligohydramnios. Delayed cord clamping. Brief period of ventilation. UVC displaced on handling. Raised lactate and infection markers. Never opened bowels and bile stained aspirates. Respiratory arrest on day PD Agreed PM report but no cause for deterioration identified.	Delayed cord clamping policy confirm with staff. UVC fixation policy Ranitidine in preterm babies – revise guidance based on evidence. Hyperglycaemia policy.	
Child D	22 nd Jun 2015	PM: 1A: Pneumonia with acute lung injury PROM from 36 ⁺⁶ but delivery at 37 weeks. No antibiotics given before delivery. Dusky episode at 12 min of age probably should have led to admission to NNU. Admitted at 3.5 hrs of age in poor condition but then treated appropriately and improved, being extubated the following day. Arrest and deterioration on PD Group felt initial delay in starting antibiotics very unlikely to be contributory to death. Uncertain of cause for deterioration after initial improvement. UVC was withdrawn to a “low” position contrary to draft BAPM guidance. Current guideline (CoCH or LWH) does not specify acceptable position for UVC. Pulse oximetry as part of NEWS chart might help staff detect unwell babies earlier.	Continuing to emphasise to trainee doctors importance of following early sepsis guideline at inductions and teaching. Revise UVC guideline re position T8-9. Discussion with midwifery team re introduction of pulse oximetry in NEWS charts.	
Child E	4 th Aug	1a) Necrotising enterocolitis	Delayed cord clamping	

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	2015	b) Prematurity (No PM) 29 ⁺⁵ gestation twin 1327g. Delayed cord clamping. Signs of maladaptation (high glucose, bile stained aspirates). Large amount of blood (12ml) from NGT prior to arrest despite clotting being only mildly deranged. Teicoplanin not started with Cefotaxime as per guideline. AXR some time before arrest showed no obvious evidence for NEC. No major haemorrhage policy for neonates currently but not in LWH either or any national guidance.	policy confirm with staff. Ranitidine in preterm babies – revise guidance based on evidence.	
I&S	4 th Sep 2015	PM: 1a) Ebstein anomaly with recurrent supraventricular tachycardia and cardiac failure b) Peripartem asphyxia with metabolic acidosis Term baby with meconium at delivery and HR 260 (SVT) for 3 hours before resolving spontaneously. CXR normal heart size. 12 lead ECG normal, UAC monitoring normal BP. Occasional brief episodes of SVT in day PD despite establishing feeds well PD possible seizure and screened for infection. Bradycardic arrest and unsuccessful resuscitation. BC grew alpha haemolytic strep in <24 hrs – possibly contributory. Murmur detected on day PD along with SVT might have indicated a cardiology opinion but would not have changed management. Consultant written to parents to discuss but no reply – might have moved outside UK.		
I&S	27 th Sep 2015	PM: 1a) Severe multiple congenital anomalies (oral facial digital/OFD Syndrome type 6/Varadi syndrome) Birth abnormalities noted included Cleft lip and palate, Polydactyly, Low set ears, Short arms, Heart murmur and Micro-penis. Poor respiratory effort shortly after birth. Intubated but poor chest movement. Arrest at PD of age. Abnormalities of tracheal rings on PM.		

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Child I	23 rd Oct 2015	<p>Awaiting PM – preliminary report no evidence of NEC</p> <p>27 week gestation born at LWH. Multiple transfers between LWH, COCH and APH. Treated conservatively for NEC. Arrests on 13th, 14th and 15th October, rapid improvement after each arrest. Discussion with neonatologist rather than or as well as surgeon would have been appropriate on 13th Oct. Agreed plan with neonatologist from LWH on 14th Oct to stay in CoCH probably inappropriate in retrospect. Decision to transfer to APH rather than LWH on 15th also probably inappropriate as LWH should be considered surgical centre. Awaiting joint meeting with CoCH, LWH and AH surgical colleagues. Already reviewed at network level.</p>	<p>To clarify neonates with surgical or cardiology conditions should be discussed with LWH and transferred there in preference to APH.</p> <p>Network review of case.</p>	
I&S	13 th Dec 2015	<p>1a) Prematurity with Sepsis</p> <p>b) Maternal rupture of membranes with chorioamnionitis (No PM)</p> <p>Concealed pregnancy, delivered on day of booking, no antenatal steroids or antibiotics. Maternal CRP 266, baby CRP 245. Foul smelling liquor. Antibiotics started. Extubated at 2 hours of age. Gentamicin frequency changed by consultant to 24 hrs. Following day advice by pharmacist to withhold gentamicin until result and if elevated to delay dose. Advice contrary to guideline and prescription sheet but followed by reg and nurse. Arrest at PD, second dose of gentamicin given at PD. Antibiotics subsequently changed to second line.</p> <p>Delay in transfer of baby to LWH so that she was too unstable to transfer by the time the transport team arrived. Initial estimate for arrival time given was 4 hrs and they arrived after 10.5 hrs. Difficulties in prioritising transfers for transport team. Discussed alternatives such as NEWTS and Manchester team.</p>	<p>To discuss with Microbiology negative results.</p> <p>To discuss with Pharmacy and clinical team re error in advice given by junior pharmacist and not questioned by clinical team.</p> <p>Transport problems reviewed by neonatal network. Alternatives to Cheshire and Merseyside Transport team to be</p>	

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			circulated to staff.	
I&S	8 th Jan 2015	Awaiting PM – probable prematurity and sepsis I&S , AEDF, twin. 30 weeks gestation 1547g. Delayed cord clamping. Intubated on NNU, curosurf. UVC in a high position – not pulled back. Raised lactate and increasing oxygen requirement and ventilation pressures. CXR review sticker not used. Antibiotics changed on advice from LWH con and then again on advice from APH consultant. Arrest on day PD at similar time to twin brother who was transferred to NICU at APH. Discussed possibility of nCPAP on resuscitaire in delivery room.	Delayed cord clamping policy confirm with staff. Revise UVC guideline re position T8-9. Await PM result. Antibiotic policy discussed at network level. ? align policy with APH.	

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Themes identified during discussion of all cases:**1. Delayed cord clamping in preterm deliveries**

3 babies had delayed cord clamping when hospital guidance says this is only for term babies. There is national recommendations and evidence to support delayed cord clamping in preterm babies but the obstetric, midwifery and paediatric teams have not yet been able to ensure adequate temperature control for all preterm babies close to Mum during delayed cord clamping. Hypothermia is associated with increased neonatal preterm mortality. However, there were no cases of severe hypothermia and only one case of mild hypothermia in the cases reviewed.

Actions: Teams have already agreed and disseminated current policy
Multidisciplinary work to enable safe delayed cord clamping in preterm babies

2. Ranitidine in preterm babies

NS advised group of increased risk of death in preterm babies given ranitidine. 2 babies in CoCH were given ranitidine. It is still in common usage in most neonatal units and CoCH are unlikely to be an outlier in its use.

Action: NS to send paper re risk of ranitidine in preterm babies. Practice change based on this evidence.

3. UVCs in preterm babies

3 babies had care issues around UVCs. One was used when too low, one was used when too high and one was displaced and came out. NHS England has recently reviewed UVC incidents and BAPM has recently published draft guidance. CoCH guidance could be improved by revising guidance to include correct position and standardising fixation.

Action: Revise UVC guidance once BAPM draft guideline finalised

4. Timing of arrests

6 babies had arrests between 0000 – 0400.

Action: SB and EP to review all these cases focusing on nursing observations in the 4 hours before the arrests. Aim to identify if unwell babies could have been identified earlier. Identify any medical or nursing staff association with these cases.

Other suggestions for improving practice:

1. CESDI grading system

Introduce CESDI grading system for all future mortality reviews as already used in network mortality meetings.

2. Resuscitation drugs proforma

Staff have highlighted difficulties recording resuscitation drug administration now that electronic prescribing is used. A draft sheet to record resuscitation drugs has been proposed and will be shared with neonatal network.

3. Simulation training



Simulation training is becoming more popular in many neonatal units with use of sim babies and sim centres. The paediatric department should look to start simulation training for nursing and medical staff on a regular basis. This will need investment in equipment and training of trainers.

S Brearey
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APPENDIX 1 : Neonatal Mortality January 2015-January 2016

NEONATAL MANAGER: Eirian Lloyd Powell

Baby's name	DOB	Gest	Review	Reason for admission	DOD & AGE	Cause of death	Staff allocated	Staff on duty
Irrelevant & Sensitive	PD 03/15 14.02hrs	40/40	Level 2 Report  I&S.doc	HIE	05/04/15 PD	Severe HIE	Transferred to APH on day 1	NA
Child A Con: MS Resus: RJ	PD 06/15 20.31hrs	31/40	 PERINATAL MORBIDITY AND MOF	PREM	08/06/15 21.00hrs PD	Maternal SLE	Care handed to Lucy Letby at 20.00hrs	Caroline Bennion(RN) Nurse T Mary Griffith (RN) Lisa Walker (NN) Liz Marshall (NN)

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Baby's name	DOB	Gest	Review	Reason for admission	DOD & AGE	Cause of death	Staff allocated	Staff on duty
<div>Child C</div> Con: MS Resus JG	<div>PD</div> 06/15 15.31hrs	30/40	 NEONATAL MORTALITY MEETING OSR:  <div>Child C</div> doc	PREM IUGR AEDF	14/06/15 05.58hrs <div>PD</div>	PM: 1a. Widespread hypoxic ischaemic damage to heart 1b. Immaturity of lung 1c. Severe maternal vascular underperfusion	Sophie Ellis initially and handed over to Melanie Taylor	<div>Nurse W</div> Mel Taylor (RN) Lucy Letby (RN) Nicky Dennison (NN) Liz Marshall (NN)
<div>Child D</div> Con EN Resus EN	<div>PD</div> 06/15 16.01hrs	37/40	 <div>Child D</div> draft addendum.doc	Dusky episode in labour ward	22/06/15 04.25hrs <div>PD</div>	PM: 1A: Pneumonia with acute lung injury.	Caroline Oakley	<div>Nurse X</div> (RN) Lucy Letby Kate Ward Liz Marshall

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Baby's name	DOB	Gest	Review	Reason for admission	DOD & AGE	Cause of death	Staff allocated	Staff on duty
Child E	PD 07/15 17.53hrs	29/40	 Child E Review SB.docx	PREM REDF	04/08/15 01.40hrs PD	NEC	Lucy Letby	Shelley Tomlins (RN) Caroline Oakley (RN) Belinda Simcock(RN) Lisa Walker (NN) Val Thomas (NN)
Resus: Doctor ZA								
Irrelevant & Sensitive	PD 09/15 08.15hrs	40/40	 I&S Review SB.docx OSR:  I&S doc	SVT	04/09/15 05.16hrs PD	Ebstein's anomaly Alpha haemolytic strep infection	Nurse X	Mel Taylor (RN) Lucy Letby (RN) Ashleigh Hudson(RN) Jenny Jones (NN) Val Thomas (NN)
Con: SB Resus MS								

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Baby's name	DOB	Gest	Review	Reason for admission	DOD & AGE	Cause of death	Staff allocated	Staff on duty
<div>Irrelevant & Sensitive</div> <div>Con: JG</div> <div>Resus: MS</div>	<div>PD</div> <div>09/15</div> <div>04.38hrs</div>	39/40	<div></div> <div>I&S Review</div> <div>SB.docx</div> <div>OSR:</div> <div></div> <div>I&S doc</div>	Congenital Abnormalities	<div>27/09/15</div> <div>08.52hrs</div> <div>PD</div>	<div>Multiple congenital abnormalities</div> <div>PM: Orofacial digital syndrome type 6 (Varadi Papp syndrome)</div>	Laura Eagles	<div>Kate Ward (RN)</div> <div>Ashleigh Hudson (RN)</div> <div>Kate Bissell (RN)</div> <div>Liz Marshall (NN)</div> <div><u>Night staff</u></div> <div>Chris Booth (RN)</div> <div>Shelley Tomlins (RN)</div> <div>Nurse W</div> <div>Lucy Letby (RN)</div>
<div>Child I</div> <div>Con: Doctor V</div> <div>Resus: JG</div>	<div>PD</div> <div>08/15</div>	27/40	<div></div> <div>Child I Review</div> <div>SB.docx</div> <div></div> <div>NEONATAL MORTALITY MEETING</div>	PREM	<div>23/10/15</div> <div>0230hrs</div> <div>PD</div>	<div>Awaiting PM</div> <div>6 admissions Lwh/Aph/Coch</div>	Ashleigh Hudson	<div>Chris Booth (RN)</div> <div>Mel Taylor (RN)</div> <div>Lucy Letby (RN)</div> <div>Val Thomas (NN)</div>

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Baby's name	DOB	Gest	Review	Reason for admission	DOD & AGE	Cause of death	Staff allocated	Staff on duty
Irrelevant & Sensitive Personal Data Con: Doctor ZA Resus: Doctor V	PD 2/15 15.25hrs	28/40	 I&S Review SB, EP&DP I&S do	PREM	13/12/15 05.30hrs PD	?sepsis High CRP/neuts/WCC Gent issue (omitted on pharmacy advice – incorrect information)	Kate Ward	Nurse W Lucy Letby
Irrelevant & Sensitive Personal Data Con: EN Resus: EN	PD 01/15 18.58hrs	30/40	 I&S Review SB.docx OSR:  I&S.doc	PREM Brother has been transferred to APH	08/01/15 16.15hrs PD	?sepsis	Lucy Letby (days) Caroline Bennion (nights)	Caroline Oakley (caring from twin 2) Nurse Z Yvonne Farmer Laura Eagles

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